

Utility Substation	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X
Welding Shop																			X	
Wholesale (storage and distribution)										O							O	X		

([Ord. No. 671, § 1, 2-4-2013](#); [Ord. No. 675, § 1, 6-3-2013](#); [Ord. No. 692, § 1\(Exh. 1\), 7-21-2014](#); [Ord. No. 703, § 1, 6-1-2015](#); [Ord. No. 704, § 2, 6-1-2015](#); [Ord. No. 708, § 1, 8-10-2015](#); [Ord. No. 715, § 4, 9-28-2015](#); [Ord. No. 718, § 14\(Exh. B\), 12-14-2015](#))

<b>SECTION 2.2 a. CONDITIONAL USE REVIEW CRITERIA</b>	
When reviewing a conditional use, consideration shall be given to factors associated with the use including, but not limited to, the following:	
1. Site design	4. Vehicular trips generated by the use
2. Property access	5. Impact of the use on surrounding properties
3. Hours of operation of the business	6. Impact of the use on the natural features of the site

**SECTION 2.3 - SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATIONS**

**2.3.1 General exemptions.**

- A. *Heights—Exclusions.* The following structures are exempt from the height limitations imposed within each zoning district:
1. Church spires, cupolas, and chimneys.
  2. Agricultural accessory structures, such as barns, silos, windmills, and the like.
  3. Parapets and structures used for ornamental or aesthetic purposes not to exceed twelve (12) feet.
  4. Elevator penthouses not to exceed fifteen (15) feet.
  5. Mechanical equipment on building roofs or rooftop antennas provided any such equipment exceeding 12 feet in height shall be contained within a structure or otherwise screened from ground view from adjoining streets and properties.

- B. *Front Yard Requirements—Existing Residential Areas.* The setback requirements of this Ordinance shall not apply to any residential lot where the average setback on developed lots located adjacent to and on each side of such lot and within the same zoning district and fronting on the same street as such lot is less than the minimum required setback. In such cases, the setback of such a lot may be less than the required setback but not less than the average of the existing setbacks on the developed lots. In no case, however, shall setbacks be less than 15 feet.

If the adjacent developed lots on both sides of a vacant residential lot, within the same zoning district and fronting on the same street as such lot, have front yard setbacks greater than the minimum required by the zoning district, then the minimum setback on the vacant lot shall be the average of the 2 adjacent developed lots.

C. *Double Frontage Lots.*

1. Double frontage lots should be avoided except where essential to provide separation of residential development from traffic arteries or to overcome specific disadvantages of topography and orientation. A landscaped or natural buffer of at least twenty feet (20'), across which shall be the right of access, shall be provided along the line of lots abutting such a traffic artery.
2. On lots having frontage on two (2) streets, but not located on a corner, the minimum front yard setback requirement shall be provided along each street frontage.

D. *Setbacks—Exclusions.*

1. No building or structure or projection thereof, including porch, deck, terrace or chimney, shall be erected closer to a property line than the applicable setback regulation prescribed herein allows. However, uncovered steps, patio slabs, driveways, walkways and roof overhangs of up to 18" may be located within setback areas.

2 Required setbacks may accommodate runoff reduction measures, provided such setbacks meet fire code standards. The runoff reduction measures may not compromise public safety such as the sight distance triangles required by the City. Above-ground cisterns, greenwalls, or other vertical runoff reduction measures shall require approval by the Community Development Director.

E. *Flag Lots.*

1. Flag lots are prohibited for residential development. Residential building sites must meet minimum lot width requirements at the front setback line or at twice the required front setback for cul-de-sac lots.

### 2.3.2 Temporary uses.

The Director may authorize a temporary use, as follows:

- A. Carnival, circus or fair, for a period not to exceed 4 days. A period not to exceed 30 days may be granted by the Director if the event is held within a designated amphitheater facility as defined by Code and confirmed by the Director. Site shall meet adequate parking and safety concerns and limit impacts to surrounding properties.
- B. Outdoor tent sales for a period not to exceed forty-five (45) days. Authorization may not be granted more than two (2) times per year, per property.
- C. Reserved.
- D. Religious meeting in a tent or other temporary structure in the AG, R-10M, CUP, O-I, C-1, and C-2 Districts, for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days.
- E. Open lot sale of Christmas trees, fruit and vegetables, and other harvested products in the AG, O-I, C-1, C-2 and L-I Districts, for a period not to exceed forty-five (45) days.

- F. Real estate sales office, related to an active development, in any district, for a period not to exceed one (1) year, provided no sleeping accommodations are maintained in the structure.
- G. Contractor's office, construction trailer and equipment shed, in any district, related to an active development, for a period of one (1) year provided that such office be placed on the property to which it is appurtenant.
- H. Commercial television or motion picture filming activities not to exceed seven (7) calendar days at any residential location, or a period not to exceed twenty-one (21) days if approved by the Mayor and Council. The director or the Mayor and Council may impose conditions to the issuance of the permit to minimize the disturbance to the residential neighborhood. These conditions may include neighborhood notification requirements, parking and traffic control, and limitations on the hours of operation. In no event shall filming activities commence prior to 7:00 a.m. or continue after 10:00 p.m.
- I. All temporary certificates of zoning compliance may be renewed provided that it is determined that said use is clearly of a temporary nature, will cause no increased traffic congestion and will not create a nuisance to surrounding uses.
- J. The director may require City Council review and approval of any temporary uses.
- K. Fireworks sales in a tent or other temporary structure in the L-1 District, for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days.

([Ord. No. 688, § 1, 4-28-2014](#); [Ord. No. 708, § 1, 8-10-2015](#); [Ord. No. 718, § 15, 12-14-2015](#))

### **2.3.3 Accessory uses and structures.**

- A. *Home Occupations.* An occupation, profession or trade customarily carried on by an occupant in a dwelling unit as a secondary use which is clearly incidental to the dwelling unit for residential purposes and which meets all of the following conditions:
  1. The use shall be carried on wholly within the dwelling unit principal building. The attachment of an accessory building by a breezeway, roof or similar structure shall not be deemed as sufficient for the accessory building to be considered as a portion of the primary building.
  2. Not more than 25% of the floor area, not to exceed 500 square feet, of the dwelling unit building shall be used for the conduct of the home occupation.
  3. No merchandise or articles shall be displayed for advertising purposes, nor be displayed in such a way as to be visible from outside the dwelling unit. Garage doors shall not be left in the open position when the garage is used for the storage of business related materials.
  4. No merchandise or articles shall be stored other than inside the dwelling unit.
  5. No equipment or business vehicles may be stored or parked on the premises except that 1 business vehicle (the carrying capacity of which shall not exceed 1andhalf; tons and shall not exceed six (6) tires and/or two (2) axles) used exclusively by the resident may be parked in a carport, garage or an approved parking space in the rear or side yard and not within the public street or right-of-way.
  6. A home occupation may not generate more than six non-residential trips per day to the home, excluding occupant trips.
  7. There shall be no alteration of the residential character of the dwelling unit or premises or structures on the premises.
  8. No person not a resident of the dwelling unit shall work in the dwelling unit in connection with the home occupation. This prohibition shall also apply to independent contractors and employees who serve the resident of the dwelling unit.